Page 912 MUTCD 11th Edition

Notes for Figure 6P-27—Typical Application 27 Closure at the Side of an Intersection

Guidance:

- 1. The situation depicted can be simplified by closing one or more of the intersection approaches. If this cannot be done, and/or when capacity is a problem, through vehicular traffic should be directed to other roads or streets.
- 2. Depending on road user conditions, flagger(s) or uniformed law enforcement officer(s) should be used to direct road users within the intersection.

Standard:

3. At night, flagger stations shall be illuminated, except in emergencies.

Option:

- 4. Flashing warning lights and/or flags may be used to call attention to the advance warning signs.
- 5. For short-duration work operations, the channelizing devices may be eliminated if a vehicle displaying high-intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights is positioned in the work space.
- 6. A BE PREPARED TO STOP sign may be added to the sign series.

Guidance:

- 7. When used, the BE PREPARED TO STOP sign should be located before the Flagger symbol sign.
- 8. ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD signs should also be used to provide adequate advance warning.

Support:

9. Turns may be prohibited as required by vehicular traffic conditions, such as where the streets are so narrow that it might be physically impossible to make certain turns, especially for large vehicles.

Option:

- 10. Positive protection devices may be used per Section 6M.02.
- 11. Vehicle hazard warning signals may be used to supplement high-intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights.

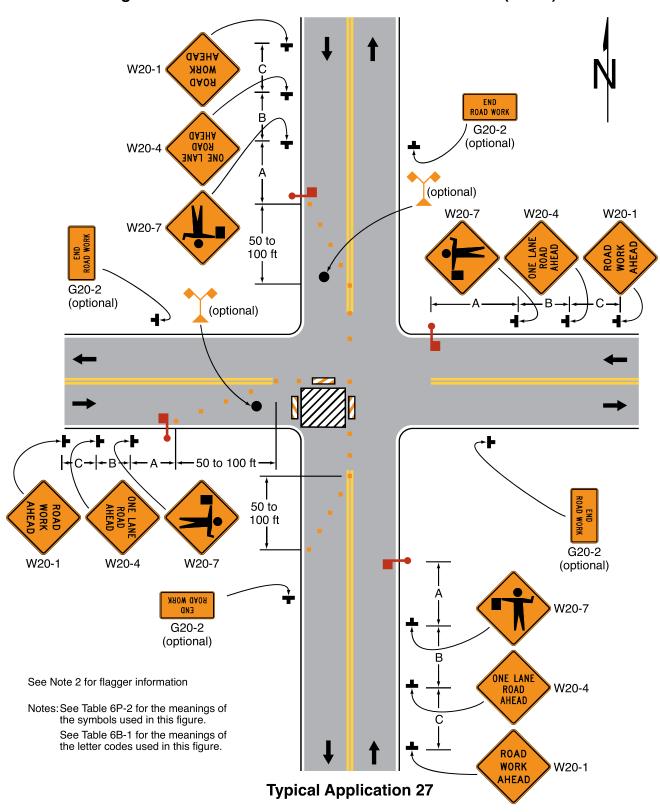
Standard:

12. Vehicle hazard warning signals shall not be used instead of the vehicle's high-intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights.

Sect. 6P.01 December 2023

MUTCD 11th Edition Page 913

Figure 6P-27. Closure at the Side of an Intersection (TA-27)



December 2023 Sect. 6P.01